



Unlocking protein production with translational read-through for rare genetic diseases

FY2017 Webcast & Conference Call March 20, 2018

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Eloxx Pharmaceuticals Highlights

- Key positive organoid data in Cystic Fibrosis
 - Heterozygous and homozygous CFTR mutations
- Key positive model data in Cystinosis
 - Reduction of kidney cystine levels
- On track for completion of Phase 1 studies
 - SAD completed
 - MAD enrolling
- Initiation of Phase 2 studies in Cystic Fibrosis and Cystinosis (4 Q)
- Participation at Key Scientific Conferences
- Eloxx to nominate second novel molecule for development in rare/ultra-rare orphan disease



The Promise of Read-Through





Cystic Fibrosis

Cystinosis



>1,800

Genetic diseases involve nonsense mutations



MPS I Syndrome



Rett **Svndrome**



Duchenne Muscular Dystrophy

- In every genetic disease a subset of patients have nonsense mutations that impair the production of essential proteins
- Translational read through is directed at restoring the production of full length proteins by overcoming the premature stop codon and nonsense mediated decay

Advances in our understanding of translational read-through has enabled design of novel small molecules

> Built upon a molecular scaffold with a defined ribosomal effect

Active at all three premature stop codons

Potential to achieve clinically meaningful restoration of functional essential protein



Aminoglycoside Ribosomal Interaction



- Well defined molecular interaction with helix 44
- Role in stabilization of tRNA binding at Site A
- Optimizing scaffold by altering interaction with prokaryotic and mitochondrial ribosomes
- Defined tissue penetration and tolerability profile for read-through applications

Aminoglycoside activity observed on single pre-translocation ribosome complexes. Feldman, MB; Terry DS; Altman RB; Blanchard SC. Nature Chemical Biology volume6, pages54–62 (2010)



CLINICALTRIALS.GOV Identifier: NCT03292302

A Phase 1a, Randomized, Double-blinded, Placebo-Controlled, Single Dose Escalation Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability, and Pharmacokinetics of ELX-02 in Healthy Adult Volunteers

COMPLETED

CLINICALTRIALS.GOV Identifier: NCT03309605

A Phase 1, Randomized, Double-Blinded, Placebo-Controlled, Third Party Open, Multiple Dose Escalation, Single Center Study to Evaluate the Safety, Tolerability and Pharmacokinetics of Subcutaneously Administered ELX-02 in Independent Consecutive **Cohorts of Healthy Subjects** ONGOING

Planned Enrollment: 45

TO DATE:

- No SAF Observed
- No renal or otoacoustic SAE
- Generally well tolerated



Our Current Development Pipeline



ELX-02 and the ELX Library Compounds are investigational agents and have not been approved for use by any regulatory agency *Subject to Regulatory Review of CTA and IND respectively



Cystic Fibrosis Development Program

- Most prevalent genetic disease in the western world
 - CF is the most common fatal inherited disease in Caucasians
- Caused by mutations in transmembrane conductance regulator (CFTR)
 - Chloride channel
- Mutations lead to dysregulation in multiple organ systems
- Current standard of care based on molecular chaperones for trafficking and conformation
 - Target Class II Class V CFTR Defects
 - No currently approved drugs for Class I CFTR Defects
- Currently available data for our investigational drug, ELX-02, suggests the potential for:
 - Active for both homozygous and heterozygous Class I nonsense mutations
 - Increase translational read-through
 - Improve chloride currents in HBEs and organoids
 - Demonstrate synergy with correctors and potentiators in heterozygous population



Zoltan Bozoky et al. PNAS 2013;110:47:E4427-E4436



Cystic Fibrosis: CFTR Molecular Defect

- Premature stop codons or nonsense mutations are Class I
- Estimated that 22% of patients have Class I mutations on one or both CFTR alleles
 - Approximately 13% of the CF patients carry a nonsense mutation on one or both CFTR alleles
- Eloxx's development path for read-through therapeutics will be focused on the patient subset with diagnosed nonsense mutations



Novel personalized therapies for cystic fibrosis: Treating the basic defect in all patients. Journal of Internal Medicine 277(2) · September 2014



Potential Use To Define Clinical Trial Populations



A CF swelling assay on cystic fibrosis patient organoids



Patient Organoid without drug treatment: No Swelling of Organoids



Patient Organoid with drug treatment: Swelling of Organoids



Heterozygous nonsense mutations

First investigational read-through agent to demonstrate in vitro activity in organoid cultures





Homozygote nonsense mutations

First investigational read-through agent to demonstrate in vitro activity in organoid cultures

- Early-stage data involve key homozygous nonsense mutations
 - G542X prevalence estimated at 5% of CF population
 - W1282X prevalence est. at 4% of CF population
- This testing in a limited number of in vitro organoid cultures suggests organoid response to increasing exposure to our drug candidate ELX-02
 - Dose-proportional response
 - Pronounced swelling
- Organoid responses are considered important contributor to clinical trial design
 - High unmet medical need population
 - Demonstrate potential for clinical response
- Data to be submitted for scientific presentation
 - Additional homozygous and heterozygous response data
 - Evaluation of in vitro response in organoid cultures in combinations with correctors and/or potentiators





Jan 2018 Pre-CTA (Belgium) Regulatory Meeting

On track for mid-2018 CTA (Belgium) Submission

Targeting 4Q 2018 for FPFV Phase 2 Study



Cystinosis Development Program

- Ultra-rare lysosomal storage disease
- Caused by mutations in cystinosin (CTNS)
 - Cysteine efflux channel
- Cystine lysosomal accumulation causes manifestations of disease
- The current standard of care, Cysteamine acts within the lysosome to convert cystine into forms which can exit the lysosome via cysteine transport pathways.
- W138X most common nonsense mutation is estimated to represent 1/3 of patient population
- Currently available data on our investigational drug candidate, ELX-02, suggest the potential to:
 - Increase translational read-through
 - Reduce NMD
 - Restore CTNS mRNA to near normal levels
 - Lower cystine accumulation in vitro and in vivo





Dec 2017 Pre-IND FDA (Written Response)

On track for mid-2018 IND Submission in US

Targeting 4Q2018 for FPFV Phase 2 Study



\$ in millions				
Statement of Operations				
	FY 2017		FY 2016	
R&D Expense	\$	16.4	\$	9.0
G&A Expense		4.0		0.8
Total Operating Expenses		20.4		9.8
Other Expenses		0.8		-
Net Loss	\$	21.2	\$	9.8



Financial Summary

- \$24 million cash as of December 31, 2017
- No debt
- Funded through at least the end of the first quarter 2019
- Shares outstanding totals 27.5 million
- Traded OTC: ELOX



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